The RT9-24V/1.4kW is a switched mode rectifier (SMR) module that delivers up to 1.4kW of output power (and up to 60A output current) into a 24V nominal DC system. The RT9 suits AC supply voltages between 208 and 240VAC but will also operate at reduced power from supplies as low as 100VAC. The RT9 may be safely hot-plugged into a live system for convenient system expansion or module replacement.

Rectifiers convert power from an AC supply into smooth DC, and are normally used in conjunction with a battery to provide an uninterruptible DC power system. A number of SMR modules (N) are commonly used in parallel to deliver the required power, with one or more additional modules (N+1) providing redundancy.

Operating characteristics of the RT9-24V/1.4kW at 25°C, 230VAC, 50Hz unless otherwise stated:

### Input AC

**Voltage:**
Single phase: Active, Neutral, and Earth.
Rated voltage range: 100 – 240VAC;
Rated voltage tolerance: 85 – 275VAC;
Maximum voltage before shutdown 300VAC;
Full output power available above 185VAC;
Reduced output power from 85 – 185VAC;
(Available power varies from 560W – 1400W);
At 100VAC, 680W available;
At 120VAC, 850W available;

**Current:**
10A RMS max line current at 185VAC;
8A RMS line current at 230 VAC;
Current limited to 10A or less below 185VAC;

**Frequency:**
45 - 66Hz;

**Inrush Current:**
< 9A RMS;

**Soft Start:**
Output current ramp-up time 8 seconds to 50A;

**Harmonic Distortion:**
Current THD < 5% typically at full output power when operated with mains voltage THD < 2%;

**Power Factor:**
> 0.98 for >50% output power;
> 0.99 for 100% output power;
Reduced power factor above 275VAC

**Protection:**
Fully protected up to 440VAC;
Varistors provide surge protection;
Two internal fuses provided;
SMR is turned off if the AC voltage exceeds ~305VAC or falls to less than ~70VAC; SMR re-activates when AC voltage is within approximately 83 – 285 VAC;
Input inrush limiting circuit prevents high surge currents during a hot-plug installation;

**Voltage Withstand Test:**
1500VAC input to chassis for 1 minute;
(2200VDC 100% testing on production units for 2 seconds);

**Efficiency:**
> 88% typical from 50% to 100% output power;
Output DC

**Voltage:**
- Float: 21.0 – 29.0V
- Equalise: 21.0 – 29.9V

**Current Limit:**
- Range: 5 - 60A

**Power Limit:**
Current limit is automatically reduced in inverse proportion to output voltage above 24VDC to limit output power to 1.4kW.

Available current:
- 60A at 23.3V
- 50A at 28.0V
- 47A at 29.5V

**Conversion Frequency:**
>120kHz;

**Static Regulation:**
- Line: better than ± 0.05%;
- Load: terminal voltage drops by 0.21V ± 0.02V from zero to 50A load (for passive current sharing) for stand-alone units, or regulates to better than ±0.05% for CSU controlled units;

**Dynamic Regulation:**
- ± 2% for 5A to 45A to 5A step load change;
- ± 1% of final value within 1ms of step change;
- ± 0.2% for a 25% step change in AC input voltage;

**Noise:**
- < 0.96mV RMS Psophometrically weighted;
- < 32dBnC
- < 10mV RMS (10kHz - 100MHz);
- < 100mV peak to peak (10kHz - 100MHz);

**Load Sharing:**
Better than ± 5% of full scale with active current sharing from CSU;

**Protection:**
- Internal fuse at output of SMR;
- Overvoltage - only faulty unit shuts down;
- Overcurrent - can sustain short circuit at output terminals indefinitely.
- Over-temperature - gradual reduction of power limit if heatsink temperature exceeds pre-set limit. Supplementary thermal overload protection is provided.
- Reverse battery – internal fuse opens.

**Remote Controls**

**Equalise Mode:**
Equalise mode is initiated by a signal from the CSU;

**Rectifier Inhibit:**
Rectifiers can be inhibited by a signal from a remote WinCSU terminal, transmitted via the CSU;

**External Digital Voltage Control (EDVC):**
The CSU uses the optically coupled communications lines to digitally control rectifier Float and Equalise voltages over a limited voltage range in order to adjust battery voltage for temperature and voltage drop in DC bus, limit the maximum battery recharging current and to achieve active current sharing;

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Rectifier Technologies Pacific
18 Joseph Street, Blackburn North,
Victoria 3130 Australia
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http://www.rtp.com.au
25/03/2010
950-1804-04 RT9 24V-1.4kW.doc
SMR parameters programmed by CSU

In the SMR menu on the CSU:
- Current Limit
- High Voltage Shut-Down (HVSD)
- High Voltage Alarm
- Low Voltage Alarm
- Latched Fault Reset

In the Battery menu on CSU:
- Float Voltage
- Equalise Voltage

Test Function: (when activated on CSU)
SMR front panel LEDs are switched on and off in sequence Green – Yellow – Red.

Alarms and monitoring

Front Panel LED Indication Table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Green</th>
<th>Yellow</th>
<th>Red</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>No AC power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blink</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Primary power bad</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Flash</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Equalise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Flash</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>Shutdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash</td>
<td>Flash</td>
<td>Flash</td>
<td>Firmware upload</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: in case of microcontroller failure status of the LEDs is undefined.

Primary power bad: Indicates the input AC is too low or too high, or the primary circuit is faulty;
Alarm: See Alarm table;
Shutdown: SMR is shut down by remote control, or not fully plugged in, or there is an internal control circuit fault;

SMR Status Monitoring:
CSU and WinCSU monitor status of the SMR:
- Output current of SMR;
- Temperature of heatsink of SMR;
- SMR alarms;

Current:
Monitored on CSU and WinCSU with 1A resolution; Analogue measurement accuracy ± 1% at full load;

Voltage:
System voltage normally displayed on CSU alphanumeric display. Accuracy ± 0.5%

SMR Address:
DIP switches in the magazine set the SMR address.

SMR Alarm Monitoring:
The table shows alarm conditions that are monitored by the SMR and are displayed on both CSU and WinCSU. The mnemonics listed here appear on WinCSU, but full alarm description appears on CSU;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vh</th>
<th>Output voltage too high</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vl</td>
<td>Output voltage too low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Il</td>
<td>Unit is in current limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Po</td>
<td>Unit is in power limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Th</td>
<td>Heat sink temperature high and thermal limit is active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lo</td>
<td>Low output current, less than 1A. Can be disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ma</td>
<td>Operating parameters out of range (or EEPROM fault)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Response</td>
<td>SMR communication fault. Generated within CSU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sd *</td>
<td>Unit is shut down by remote command - user shutdown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr *</td>
<td>Internal voltage reference faulty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vs *</td>
<td>High voltage shut down (output), latched alarm. User setting or fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit Off *</td>
<td>Unit is shut down due to AC out of range or SMR primary circuit fault. (normal operation or fault)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC *</td>
<td>SMR incorrectly inserted into the magazine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ti *</td>
<td>Low temperature (below -40°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oh *</td>
<td>Overheat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ts *</td>
<td>Temperature sensor fault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dc *</td>
<td>DC-DC converter feedback fault, latched alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NF *</td>
<td>Fan not connected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ff **</td>
<td>Fan failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes: * indicates unit shut-down
** unit will shut down when H/S temperature exceeds 20°C and fan speed is over 75% of its maximum speed.
RT9-24V/1.4kW Rectifier Specification

Compliances


EMC Emissions and Immunity: ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.2 (2002-12)

Environmental: ETSI EN 300 019

EMC Test Levels

Emissions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Tested to comply with:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Harmonics</td>
<td>IEC 61000-3-2</td>
<td>Class A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flicker</td>
<td>IEC 61000-3-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conducted RF</td>
<td>AC Terminals: CISPR 22;</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DC Terminals: CISPR 22</td>
<td>Class A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated RF</td>
<td>CISPR 22</td>
<td>Class B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Immunity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Tested to comply with:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 (Level 4: Air 15kV, Contact 8kV)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated RF</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-3 (Level 4: 10V/m, 1kHz 80% AM)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical Fast Transient (EFT)</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-4 (Level 4: 4kV on AC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level 4: 4kV on DC load)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surge Protection</td>
<td>ANSI C62.41-1991 category B3 - AC lines</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Combination Wave 6kV/3kA; Ring Wave 6kV/500A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-5 (Impulse)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level X: 6kV/3kA Common Mode [CM] on AC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level X: 6kV/3kA Differential Mode [DM] on AC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level 2: 1kV CM, 500V DM on DC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-12 (Ring Wave)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level X: 6kV/500A, 100kHz CM &amp; DM on AC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level 3: 2kV CM, 1kV DM on DC lines)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conducted RF</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-6 (Level 3: 10V on AC, load and comms lines)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voltage Dip, Interruptions</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-11 (Level: 100% dip for 10ms)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level: 30% dip for 500ms)</td>
<td>Criterion A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level: 60% dip for 1000ms)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Level: 100% dropout for 5s)</td>
<td>Criterion B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Environmental

Environmental Class (EN 300 019):

Operational: Class 3.3
(Stationary Use at Non-Temperature-Controlled Locations)

Transport: Class 2.3
(Public Transportation)

Storage: Class 1.2
(Weather Protected Non-Temperature-Controlled Locations)

Cooling:
Forced convection cooling using two 40mm fans with variable speed temperature control and finger guards. The RT9 draws cool air from the front and exhausts warmed air to the back. Fans stop if AC power fails or rectifier inhibited remotely.

Temperature:
Operating range: -40°C to +70°C
Full power range: -40°C to +50°C
Derated operation: 50% power at +70°C
Storage: -40°C to +60°C
Transport: -40°C to +70°C

The rectifier senses its internal heat-sink temperature and, if necessary, adjusts power limit in order to protect itself against over-heating;

Humidity:
0 to 100% RH condensing including dripping water and icing conditions.

Altitude:
Operational to 4000m.(Consult factory above 4km)
Derate maximum ambient temperature by 5°C per 1000m above sea level.

Vibration:
Operational: 1.5mm displacement 2-9Hz, 5m/s² acceleration 9-200Hz, Continuous, any direction.
Transport: 3.5mm displacement 2-9Hz, 10m/s² acceleration 9-200Hz, 15m/s² acceleration 200-500Hz, One hour, any direction.

Shocks:
Operational: 40m/s² half sine, 11ms duration, Any direction
Transport: 180m/s² half sine, 6ms duration, Any direction

Drop Test:
Transport: 1.2m drop when packaged

Mechanical

Module Size:
Width: 216mm (8.5")
Height: 43mm (1U) (1.7")
Depth: 255mm (10")
Mass: < 2.3kg (5.1 lb)

Acoustic Noise:
< 55dB (A Weighted)

Magazine Size:
Standard Powershelf magazine may be installed in 400 or 600mm deep 19-inch or 23-inch racks.
Various combinations of number of SMRs and types of peripheral equipment are available on a customer request.
Special magazine is required for 300mm deep racks.

Connections

Input, Output, and Communications:
A multifunction hot-plug connector is mounted on the back of the rectifier module that carries the AC, DC and communications lines. A matching connector is located at the back of the magazine. Reliable mating is ensured by a spring latch in the magazine that mechanically secures the rectifier.
RT9-24V/1.4kW dimensions:

Example of 4U high Powershelf: